EXPRESS MAIL LABEL NO.	EL662235
DATE: December 6, 2001	

1577US JCOT Pac'd PCT/PTO 06 DEC 2001

FORM PTC (REV 11-20		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER			
	TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES	B&LAB-009			
	DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)	U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5)			
INTERI	CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371 NATIONAL APPLICATION NO. INTERNATIONAL FILING DATES	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED			
11111111	PCT/SE00/01052 24 May 2000	10 June 1999			
TITLE	OF INVENTION METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR CONVEYING SHRE	EDDED PULP TO AN OZONE			
	REACTOR				
APPLIC	CANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Monica Bokström and Per Åström				
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1. X	therewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C.				
2.					
_	This is a <b>SECOND</b> or <b>SUBSEQUENT</b> submission of items concerning a	_			
L	3. x This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371 (f)). The submission must include items (5), (6), (9) and (21) indicated below.				
4. X	The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority	date (PCT Article 31).			
5. x	A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(2))				
a.	is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the Internati	onal Bureau).			
b.	x has been communicated by the International Bureau.				
c.	is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Recei	ving Office (RO/US).			
6.	An English language translation of the International Application as filed (	(35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(2)).			
a.	is attached hereto.				
b.	has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).				
7. x	Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Ar	ticle 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))			
a.	are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the Internat	tional Bureau).			
ь.	have been communicated by the International Bureau.				
c.	have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendm	nents has NOT expired.			
d.	x have not been made and will not be made.				
8. An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)).					
9. x	9. x An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)). (Executed)				
10. An English language translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT					
Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).  Items 11 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:					
11. x	1	0.1440.2 =========			
The state of the s					
12. x An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.  13. x A FIRST preliminary amendment.					
14. A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.					
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The state of the international approach under 35 0.5.C. 134(d)(4).					
20. x Other items or information: Substitute Abstract, Marked-up Specification, Copy of International Preliminary Examination Report, One (1) Sheet of Formal Drawings					

U.S. APPLICATION NO (1fknown, see 37 CFR 1 5) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO PCT/SE00/01052		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER B&LAB-009				
17. x The following			CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY			
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) – (5)):						
X Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO						
International prelimi	nary examination fee (37 C					
USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO \$890.00  International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO						
but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO						
but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)\$710.00  International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO						
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Total claims	*12-20		x	\$	0.00	
Independent claims	1-3 =		х	\$	0.00	
MULTIPLE DEPENDE	NT CLAIM(s) (if appli	cable)	+	\$		
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		S	UBTOTAL =	\$	1,040.00	
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TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =			\$	1,040.00		
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21 (h)). Assignment must be accompanied by appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) + ( per property).				SEE RECORDATION FORM COVER SHEET		
		TOTAL FEES E	NCLOSED =	\$	1,040.00	
* As In Preliminary Amendment			Amount to be Refunded:	\$		
					Charged:	\$
a. A check in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees is enclosed.						
b. x Please charge my Deposit Account No. 12-1095 in the amount of \$ 1,040.00						
to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.						
c. x The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required or credit any overpayment to my Deposit Account No. 12-1095 . A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.						
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive						
(37 CFR 1.137 (a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.						
SEND ALL CORRESPONDE	NCE TO:	(				
Arnold H. Krumholz LERNER, DAVID, LITTI	ENBERG, KRUMHOLZ		IGNATURE:	Arnol	ld H. Krumholz	
600 South Avenue W Westfield, New Jerse	est	_	AME			
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PATENT B&LAB 3.3-009

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of

Monica BOKSTRÖM et al.

Group Art Unit:

International Application No.
PCT/SE00/01052

Examiner:

International Filing Date:

24 May 2000

Date: December 6, 2001

For: METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR CONVEYING

SHREDDED PULP TO AN OZONE REACTOR

\_X

Commissioner for Patents

Washington, D.C. 20231

## PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Sir:

Preliminary to initiation of the prosecution of the above-identified pending U.S. patent application, the following amendments and remarks are respectfully submitted.

### IN THE ABSTRACT

Please delete the Abstract as filed and substitute therefor the attached revised Abstract.

### IN THE SPECIFICATION

Please amend the Specification in accordance with the attached revised Specification.

### IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 1-10 and add new claims 11-22.

- 11. (NEW) A method of treating pulp, comprising:
- dewatering said pulp to a fiber concentration of at least 20%;
- shredding said dewatered pulp in a closed pulp shredding vessel;
- transporting said shredded pulp without compression continuously out of said pulp shredding vessel through an outlet

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### Application No. PCT/SE00/01052

pipe therefrom, so that said outlet pipe is kept completely filled with passing pulp,

- directly transporting said shredded pulp from said outlet pipe of said pulp shredding vessel to a reaction vessel through a gas-tight conduit, which is gas sealed from the surroundings, the interior of said conduit communicating with the interior of said outlet pipe and with the interior of said reaction vessel;
- bleaching said shredded pulp in said reaction vessel through reaction with ozone gas; and
- regulating the gas pressure in said pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in said reaction vessel so that ozone gas is prevented from leaking upstream through said outlet pipe.
- 12. (NEW) A method according to claim 11, further comprising keeping the gas pressure in said pulp shredding vessel higher than the gas pressure in said reaction vessel.
- 13. (NEW) A method according to claim 12, further comprising regulating the pressure difference between the gas pressure in said pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in said reaction vessel towards a predetermined value.
- 14. (NEW) A method according to claim 13, further comprising keeping the gas pressures in said pulp shredding vessel and said reaction vessel below the surrounding atmospheric pressure.
- 15. (NEW) A method according to claim 11, further comprising transporting said shredded pulp by gravity in said gas-tight conduit.
- 16. (NEW) A method according to claim 11, further comprising shredding said pulp in said pulp shredding vessel by a transport screw with at least one toothed transport thread, and transporting said shredded pulp by said transport screw through said outlet pipe of said pulp shredding vessel.
- 17. (NEW) A system for treatment of pulp, comprising:
  a dewatering device for dewatering said pulp to a fiber
  concentration of at least 20%,

a pulp shredding device for shredding said dewatered pulp, said pulp shredding device including a closed pulp shredding vessel, an outlet pipe from said pulp shredding vessel, and a transport means adapted to continuously transport said shredded pulp without compressing the pulp out of said pulp shredding vessel through said outlet pipe, so that said outlet pipe is kept filled with passing pulp,

a reaction vessel for bleaching said shredded pulp through reaction with ozone gas,

a conduit gas sealed from the surroundings and connecting said outlet pipe of said pulp shredding vessel gastightly to said reaction vessel, so that the interior of said outlet pipe directly communicates with the interior of said reaction vessel through the interior of said conduit,

and a pressure regulation device for regulating the gas pressure in said pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in said reaction vessel so that ozone gas is prevented from leaking upstream through said outlet pipe.

- 18. (NEW) A system for treatment of pulp according to claim 17, wherein said pressure regulation device is adapted to maintain the gas pressure in said pulp shredding vessel higher than the gas pressure in said reaction vessel.
- 19. (NEW) A system for treatment of pulp according to claim 18, wherein said transport means comprises a transport screw extending in said pulp shredding vessel and provided with at least one toothed transport thread for shredding the pulp.
- 20. (NEW) A system for treatment of pulp according to claim 19, wherein said transport screw also extends in said outlet pipe of said pulp shredding vessel.
- 21. (NEW) A system for treatment of pulp according to claim 17, wherein said pressure regulation device regulates the pressure difference between the gas pressure in said pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in said reaction vessel towards a predetermined value.
- 22. (NEW) A system for treatment of pulp according to claim 21, wherein said pressure regulation device comprises a

first fan with controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in said pulp shredding vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a second fan with controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in said reaction vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a first pressure sensor for sensing the gas pressure in said pulp shredding vessel, a second pressure sensor for sensing the gas pressure in said reaction vessel, and a regulation unit which in response to said first and second pressure sensors, respectively, regulates the capacity of said first and second fans, respectively.

### REMARKS

The above-noted cancellation of claims 1-10, and addition of new claims 11-22, as well as the submission of a new Abstract and revisions to the Specification, are respectfully submitted prior to initiation of the prosecution of this application in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

The above-noted new claims are respectfully submitted in order to more clearly and appropriately claim the subject matter which applicant considers to constitute his inventive contribution. No new matter is included in these amendments. In addition, the revisions to the Abstract and Specification are submitted in order to clarify and correct the Abstract and Specification and to conform them to all of the requirements of U.S. practice. No new matter is included in these amendments.

In view of the above, it is respectfully requested that these amendments now be entered, and that prosecution on the merits of this application now be initiated. If, however, for any reason the Examiner does not believe such action can be taken, it is respectfully requested that he telephone applicant's attorney at (908) 654-5000 in order to overcome any objections which he may have.

### Application No. PCT/SE00/01052

If there are any additional charges in connection with this requested amendment, the Examiner is authorized to charge applicant's Deposit Account No. 12-1095 therefor.

Respectfully submitted,

LERNER, DAVID, LITTENBERG, KRUMHOLZ & MENTLIK, LLP

ARNOLD H. KRUMHOLZ Reg. No. 25,428

600 South Avenue West Westfield, NJ 07090-1497 Telephone: (908) 654-5000 Facsimile: (908) 654-7866

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# METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR CONVEYING SHREDDED PULP TO AN OZONE REACTOR

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a method of treatment of pulp, which in a dewatering step is dewatered to a <a href="fiber">fiber</a> concentration of at least 20% and which in a later bleaching step is bleached in an reactor vessel through reaction with ozone gas. The More particularly, the present invention also relates to a system for treatment of pulp, comprising a dewatering device for dewatering the pulp to a <a href="fiber">fiber</a> concentration of at least 20%, and a reactor vessel for bleaching the dewatered pulp through reaction with ozone gas.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] In traditional systems for ozone bleaching of pulp at a high pulp concentration the pulp has to undergo a process comprising a number of preparatory treatment steps before the pulp can finally can be bleached with ozone gas in the reactor vessel. Thus, the pulp is dewatered in an initial dewatering step in the dewatering device, usually in the form of a twin roll press. The dewatered pulp is shredded in a subsequent pulp shredding step in a shredder. The dewatered and shredded pulp is then transported in a transporting step, usually by a plug screw, from the shredder to a fluffer, in which the pulp is fluffed in a fluffing step. Once the pulp has undergone these preparatory steps it can be bleached in the reactor vessel.

[0003] The function of said the plug screw is to compress the shredded pulp to a plug forming a gas lock preventing ozone gas from leaking from the reaction vessel upstream in the system to the surroundings. The function of the fluffer is to fluff up the compressed pulp leaving the pulp screw, so that the pulp gets a large specific surface, which facilitates the reaction of the ozone gas with the lignin of the pulp. Thus, the pulp entering the reactor vessel has to be fluffed, in order to obtain a high ozone utilisationutilization and a good bleaching selectivity.

[0004] WO 9605365A1 International Application No. WO 06/05365
A1 shows a known pulp treatment system comprising a pulp plug

forming plugscrew for transportation of dewatered and shredded pulp to a fluffer, and a reaction vessel containing pulp bleaching gas.

[0005] Thus, the above described traditional pulp treatment system for bleaching pulp with ozone gas is relatively extensive and consequently expensive, which is a disadvantage. In addition, with several treatment steps in the process the entire system will be more sensitive to disturbances in each single part of the process. Therefore it would be of advantage if one or more treatment steps could be eliminated.

[0006] An one object of the present invention is to provide a new method for treating pulp, which is bleached through reaction with ozone gas, which method is simpler and more reliable than traditional methods and results in an efficient ozone utilisationutilization for the bleaching of the pulp.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] In accordance with the present invention, this and other objects have now been realized by the invention of a method of treating pulp, comprising dewatering the pulp to a fiber concentration of at least 20%, shredding the dewatered pulp in a closed pulp shredding vessel, transporting the shredded pulp without compression continuously out of the pulp shredding vessel through an outlet pipe therefrom, so that the outlet pipe is kept completely filled with passing pulp, directly transporting the shredded pulp from the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel to a reaction vessel through a gas-tight conduit, which is gas sealed from the surroundings, the interior of the conduit communicating with the interior of the outlet pipe and with the interior of the reaction vessel, bleaching the shredded pulp in the reaction vessel through reaction with ozone gas, and regulating the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reaction vessel so that ozone gas is prevented from leaking upstream through the outlet pipe. In a preferred embodiment, the method further comprises keeping the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel higher than the gas pressure in the reaction vessel. Preferably, the method further includes regulating the pressure difference between the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reaction vessel towards a predetermined value. Most preferably, the method further includes keeping the gas pressures in the pulp shredding vessel and the reaction vessel below the surrounding atmospheric pressure.

[0008] In accordance with one embodiment of the method of the present invention, the method further comprises transporting the shredded pulp by gravity in the gas-tight conduit.

In accordance with another embodiment of the method of the present invention, the method further comprises shredding the pulp in the pulp shredding vessel by a transport screw with at least one toothed transport thread, and transporting the shredded pulp by the transport screw through the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel.

[0010] In accordance with the present invention, a system has also been provided for the treatment of pulp comprising a dewatering device for dewatering the pulp to а fiber concentration of at least 20%, a pulp shredding device for shredding the dewatered pulp, the pulp shredding device including a closed pulp shredding vessel, an outlet pipe from the pulp shredding vessel, and a transport means adapted to continuously transport the shredded pulp without compressing the pulp out of the pulp shredding vessel through the outlet pipe, so that the outlet pipe is kept filled with passing pulp, a reaction vessel for bleaching the shredded pulp through reaction with ozone gas, a conduit gas sealed from the surroundings and connecting the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel gas-tightly to the reaction vessel, so that the interior of the outlet pipe directly communicates with the interior of the reaction vessel through the interior of the conduit, and a pressure regulation device for regulating the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reaction vessel so that ozone gas is prevented from leaking upstream through the outlet pipe. Preferably, the pressure regulation device is adapted to maintain the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel higher than the gas pressure in the reaction vessel. In a preferred embodiment, the transport means comprises a transport screw extending in the pulp shredding vessel and provided with at least one toothed transport thread for shredding the pulp. In a preferred embodiment, the transport screw also extends in the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel.

[0011] In accordance with one embodiment of the system of the present invention, the pressure regulation device regulates the pressure difference between the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reaction vessel towards a predetermined value. In a preferred embodiment, the pressure regulation device comprises first fan with a controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in the pulp shredding vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a second fan with controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in the reaction vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a first pressure sensor for sensing the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel, a second pressure sensor for sensing the gas pressure in the reaction vessel, and a regulation unit which in response to the first and second pressure sensors, respectively, regulates the capacity of the first and second fans, respectively.

achieved by the a method stated initially, which is characterised in that which, after the dewatering step and before the bleaching step, the pulp is shredded in a closed pulp shredding vessel, the shredded pulp is transported without compression continuously out of the pulp shredding vessel through an outlet pipe therefrom, so that the outlet pipe is kept filled with passing pulp, from the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel the shredded pulp is directly transported to the reaction vessel through a conduit which is gas sealed from the surroundings, the interior of the conduit communicating with the interior of the outlet pipe and with the interior of the reactor vessel, and the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel is kept higher than the gas pressure in the reactor vessel.

[0013] It has been proved that the combination of the two

measures - (1) to keep the outlet pipe filled with passing shredded non- compressed pulp, and - (2) to maintain the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel higher than that of the reactor vessel, is sufficient to prevent ozone gas from leaking upstream out to the surroundings. Hereby—In this manner, neither a plug screw nor a fluffer is needed, which makes the new method according to the present invention particularly simple and reliable.

[0014] Advantageously, the pressure difference between the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reactor vessel is regulated towards a predetermined value, wherein the gas pressures in the pulp shredding vessel and the reactor vessel are suitably kept under the surrounding atmospheric pressure.

[0015] Preferably, the shredded pulp is transported in the gas-tight conduit by the aid of gravity without need for any mechanical transportation means.

[0016] In the pulp shredding vessel the pulp is advantageously shredded by a transport screw with at least one toothed thread, wherein the transport screw also provides the transportation of the shredded pulp through the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel.

[0017] A further object of the present invention is to provide a new system for treating pulp, which is bleached through reaction with ozone gas, which system is simpler than the above described traditional systems and eliminates the above mentioned disadvantages and problems thereof.

[0018] This object is obtained by the a system stated initially, in which is characterised by there is provided a pulp shredding device for shredding the dewatered pulp, which pulp shredding device comprises a closed pulp shredding vessel, an outlet pipe from the pulp shredding vessel, and a transport means for continuous transport of the shredded pulp without compressing the pulp out of the pulp shredding vessel via through the outlet pipe, so that the latter is kept filled with passing pulp, a conduit which is gas sealed from the surroundings and which

connects the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel gas tightly to the reaction vessel, so that the interior of the outlet pipe directly communicates with the reaction vessel via—through the interior of the conduit, and a pressure regulation device for maintaining a gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel which is higher than that of the reaction vessel.

[0019] According to a preferred embodiment of the system according to the <u>present</u> invention the transport means comprises a transport screw extending in the pulp shredding vessel, preferably also in the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel, and which is provided with at least one toothed thread for shredding the pulp.

[0020] Advantageously the pressure regulation device regulates the pressure difference between the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reactor vessel toward a predetermined value.

[0021] Preferably the pressure regulation device comprises a first fan with a controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in the pulp shredding vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a second fan with controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in the reactor vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a first pressure sensor for sensing the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel, a second pressure sensor for sensing a gas pressure in the reaction vessel, and a regulation unit which in response to the first and second pressure sensors, respectively, regulates the capacity of the first and second fans, respectively.

The invention is described in more detail in the following with reference to the accompanying drawing, in which figure 1 schematically shows an example of the system according to the present invention, and figure 2 and 3, respectively, is a cross section along the line II II and III-III, respectively, in figure 1.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0022] The present invention may be more fully appreciated with reference to the following detailed description which, in

turn, refers to the accompanying drawings, in which:

[0023] Figure 1 is a side, elevational, partially schematic representation of a system according to the present invention;

[0024] Figure 2 is a side, elevational, partially sectional view of a portion of the system shown in figure 1 taken along line II-II thereof; and

[0025] Figure 3 is a side, elevational, partially sectional view of a portion of the system shown in figure 1 taken along line III-III thereof.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The drawings shows show a system for treatment of pulp [0026] comprising a dewatering device 2, a pulp shredding device 4 and a reaction vessel 6 for bleaching of pulp through reaction with ozone gas. The dewatering device 2 comprises two pressure rolls 8, which are arranged to counter rotate in a housing 10, and an inlet 12 for pulp to be dewatered in the lower part of the housing 10. A motor 14 provides for the rotation of the pressure rolls 8. An elongated closed pulp shredding vessel 16 extends along the pressure rolls 8 above these. In the pulp shredding vessel 16 a transport screw 18 extends in parallel with the pressure rolls 8. Another motor 20 is adapted to rotate the transport screw 18. The pulp shredding vessel 16 has a lower elongated inlet for pulp to be dewatered by the pressure rolls  $8_{T}$ (see figure 2) and an outlet pipe 22, through which the transport screw 18 extends in part, for dewatered and shredded pulp.

[0027] The transport screw 18 has a core 24 with a constant diameter and a toothed transport thread 26 with a constant pitch and diameter. The portion of the transport thread 26 extending in the outlet pipe 22 may alternatively be non-toothed. The interior of the outlet pipe 22 also has a constant diameter which is somewhat larger than the diameter of the transport thread 26. Alternatively the transport screw 18 may have more than one transport thread 26.

[0028] A vertical gas-tight conduit 28 connects the outlet pipe 22 gas-tightly to an upper inlet 30 in the reaction vessel 6, so that the interior of the outlet pipe 22 directly

communicates with the interior of the reaction vessel 6 via through the interior of the conduit 28. The reaction vessel 6 has a lower outlet conduit 32 provided with a valve 34, for discharge of bleached pulp, and an upper outlet conduit 36 for evacuation of gas. There is also a device, not shown, for supplying ozone gas to the interior of the reaction vessel 6.

[0029] A regulation unit 38 is by means of signal lines connected to a pressure sensor 40 for sensing the gas pressure P1 in the pulp shredding vessel 16 and to a pressure sensor 42 for sensing the gas pressure P2 in the reaction vessel 6. The regulation unit 38 is by means of further signal lines also connected to a fan 44 with a controllable capacity located in an upper outlet conduit 46 from the pulp shredding vessel 16, and to another fan 48 likewise with a controllable capacity located in the upper outlet conduit 36 of the reaction vessel 6.

[0030] During operation a pulp suspension is pumped through the inlet 12 of the dewatering device 2 to the pressure rolls 8, which are counter rotated by the motor 14, the direction of rotation of the pressure rolls being indicated by arrows in figure 3, so that the pulp is pulled between the pressure rolls 8 while being dewatered up to the inlet of the pulp shredding vessel 16. When entering the inlet of the pulp shredding vessel 16 the dewatered pulp has a fibrefiber concentration of 20-45%. In the pulp shredding vessel 16 the pulp is shredded by the toothed transport thread 26 of the transport screw 18, which is rotated by the motor 20. Depending on the desired result the toothing of the transport thread 26 may be shaped so that a relatively coarse or fine shredding of the pulp is obtained. In addition the transport screw 18 transports shredded pulp through the outlet pipe 22 without compressing the pulp. From the outlet pipe 22 the shredded pulp drops through the vertical conduit 28 to the reaction vessel 6, where the pulp is bleached through reaction with ozone gas. Finally the bleached pulp is discharged from the reactor vessel 6 through the lower outlet conduit 32.

pressure sensors 40 and 42, so that the gas pressure P1 in the pulp shredding vessel 16 is kept higher than the gas pressure P2 in the reaction vessel 6. At least the gas pressure P2 is kept by the regulation unit 38 below the surrounding atmospheric pressure. Suitably the regulation unit 38 keeps the gas pressure P1 in the range of 0-14 kPa (overpressure) and the gas pressure P2 in the range 1-15 kPa (overpressure) at the same time as the regulation unit 38 regulates the pressure difference between the gas pressures P1 and P2 towards a predetermined value, which is chosen in the range of 0.5 - 1.5 about 0.5 to 1.5 kPa.

[0032] By the fact that the shredded and fluffed pulp transported by the transport screw 18 through the outlet pipe 22 completely fills the latter at the same time as the gas pressure is decreased from the interior of the pulp shredding vessel to the interior reactor vessel, ozone gas is efficiently prevented from passing upstream in the system to the surroundings.

Although the invention herein has been described with reference to particular embodiments, it is to be understood that these embodiments are merely illustrative of the principles and applications of the present invention. It is therefore to be understood that numerous modifications may be made to the illustrative embodiments and that other arrangements may be devised without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention as defined by the appended claims.

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# 10/009052 JC13 Rec'd PCT/PTO 0 6 DEC 2001

# METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR CONVEYING SHREDDED PULP TO AN OZONE REACTOR

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a method of treatment of pulp, which in a dewatering step is dewatered to a fiber concentration of at least 20% and which in a later bleaching step is bleached in an reactor vessel through reaction with ozone gas. More particularly, the present invention also relates to a system for treatment of pulp, comprising a dewatering device for dewatering the pulp to a fiber concentration of at least 20%, and a reactor vessel for bleaching the dewatered pulp through reaction with ozone gas.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] In traditional systems for ozone bleaching of pulp at a high pulp concentration the pulp has to undergo a process comprising a number of preparatory treatment steps before the pulp can finally be bleached with ozone gas in the reactor vessel. Thus, the pulp is dewatered in an initial dewatering step in the dewatering device, usually in the form of a twin roll press. The dewatered pulp is shredded in a subsequent pulp shredding step in a shredder. The dewatered and shredded pulp is then transported in a transporting step, usually by a plug screw, from the shredder to a fluffer, in which the pulp is fluffed in a fluffing step. Once the pulp has undergone these preparatory steps it can be bleached in the reactor vessel.

[0003] The function of the plug screw is to compress the shredded pulp to a plug forming a gas lock preventing ozone gas from leaking from the reaction vessel upstream in the system to the surroundings. The function of the fluffer is to fluff up the compressed pulp leaving the pulp screw, so that the pulp gets a large specific surface, which facilitates the reaction of the ozone gas with the lignin of the pulp. Thus, the pulp entering the reactor vessel has to be fluffed, in order to obtain a high ozone utilization and a good bleaching selectivity.

[0004] International Application No. WO 06/05365 A1 shows a known pulp treatment system comprising a pulp plug forming

plugscrew for transportation of dewatered and shredded pulp to a fluffer, and a reaction vessel containing pulp bleaching gas.

[0005] Thus, the above described traditional pulp treatment system for bleaching pulp with ozone gas is relatively extensive and consequently expensive, which is a disadvantage. In addition, with several treatment steps in the process the entire system will be more sensitive to disturbances in each single part of the process. Therefore it would be of advantage if one or more treatment steps could be eliminated.

[0006] One object of the present invention is to provide a new method for treating pulp, which is bleached through reaction with ozone gas, which method is simpler and more reliable than traditional methods and results in an efficient ozone utilization for the bleaching of the pulp.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[00071 In accordance with the present invention, this and other objects have now been realized by the invention of a method of treating pulp, comprising dewatering the pulp to a fiber concentration of at least 20%, shredding the dewatered pulp in a closed pulp shredding vessel, transporting the shredded pulp without compression continuously out of the pulp shredding vessel through an outlet pipe therefrom, so that the outlet pipe is kept completely filled with passing pulp, directly transporting the shredded pulp from the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel to a reaction vessel through a gas-tight conduit, which is gas sealed from the surroundings, the interior of the conduit communicating with the interior of the outlet pipe and with the interior of the reaction vessel, bleaching the shredded pulp in the reaction vessel through reaction with ozone gas, regulating the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reaction vessel so that ozone gas is prevented from leaking upstream through the outlet pipe. preferred embodiment, the method further comprises keeping the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel higher than the gas pressure in the reaction vessel. Preferably, the method further includes regulating the pressure difference between the gas

pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reaction vessel towards a predetermined value. Most preferably, the method further includes keeping the gas pressures in the pulp shredding vessel and the reaction vessel below the surrounding atmospheric pressure.

[0008] In accordance with one embodiment of the method of the present invention, the method further comprises transporting the shredded pulp by gravity in the gas-tight conduit.

[0009] In accordance with another embodiment of the method of the present invention, the method further comprises shredding the pulp in the pulp shredding vessel by a transport screw with at least one toothed transport thread, and transporting the shredded pulp by the transport screw through the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel.

In accordance with the present invention, a system has [0010] also been provided for the treatment of pulp comprising a dewatering device for dewatering the pulp to fiber concentration of at least 20%, a pulp shredding device for shredding the dewatered pulp, the pulp shredding device including a closed pulp shredding vessel, an outlet pipe from the pulp shredding vessel, and a transport means adapted to continuously transport the shredded pulp without compressing the pulp out of the pulp shredding vessel through the outlet pipe, so that the outlet pipe is kept filled with passing pulp, a reaction vessel for bleaching the shredded pulp through reaction with ozone gas, a conduit gas sealed from the surroundings and connecting the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel gas-tightly to the reaction vessel, so that the interior of the outlet pipe directly communicates with the interior of the reaction vessel through the interior of the conduit, and a pressure regulation device for regulating the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reaction vessel so that ozone gas is prevented from leaking upstream through the outlet pipe. Preferably, the pressure regulation device is adapted to maintain the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel higher than the gas pressure in the reaction vessel. In a preferred embodiment, the

transport means comprises a transport screw extending in the pulp shredding vessel and provided with at least one toothed transport thread for shredding the pulp. In a preferred embodiment, the transport screw also extends in the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel.

[0011] In accordance with one embodiment of the system of the present invention, the pressure regulation device regulates the pressure difference between the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reaction vessel towards a predetermined value. In a preferred embodiment, the regulation device comprises a first fan with pressure controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in the pulp shredding vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a second fan with controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in the reaction vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a first pressure sensor for sensing the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel, a second pressure sensor for sensing the gas pressure in the reaction vessel, and a regulation unit which in response to the first and second pressure sensors, respectively, regulates the capacity of the first and second fans, respectively.

[0012] The objects of the present invention are achieved by a method in which, after the dewatering step and before the bleaching step, the pulp is shredded in a closed pulp shredding vessel, the shredded pulp is transported without compression continuously out of the pulp shredding vessel through an outlet pipe therefrom, so that the outlet pipe is kept filled with passing pulp, from the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel the shredded pulp is directly transported to the reaction vessel through a conduit which is gas sealed from the surroundings, the interior of the conduit communicating with the interior of the outlet pipe and with the interior of the reactor vessel, and the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel is kept higher than the gas pressure in the reactor vessel.

[0013] It has been proved that the combination of the two measures - (1) to keep the outlet pipe filled with passing shredded non- compressed pulp, and - (2) to maintain the gas

pressure in the pulp shredding vessel higher than that of the reactor vessel, is sufficient to prevent ozone gas from leaking upstream out to the surroundings. In this manner, neither a plug screw nor a fluffer is needed, which makes the new method according to the present invention particularly simple and reliable.

[0014] Advantageously, the pressure difference between the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reactor vessel is regulated towards a predetermined value, wherein the gas pressures in the pulp shredding vessel and the reactor vessel are suitably kept under the surrounding atmospheric pressure.

[0015] Preferably, the shredded pulp is transported in the gas-tight conduit by the aid of gravity without need for any mechanical transportation means.

[0016] In the pulp shredding vessel the pulp is advantageously shredded by a transport screw with at least one toothed thread, wherein the transport screw also provides the transportation of the shredded pulp through the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel.

[0017] A further object of the present invention is to provide a new system for treating pulp, which is bleached through reaction with ozone gas, which system is simpler than the above described traditional systems and eliminates the above mentioned disadvantages and problems thereof.

[0018] This object is obtained by a system in which there is provided a pulp shredding device for shredding the dewatered pulp, which pulp shredding device comprises a closed pulp shredding vessel, an outlet pipe from the pulp shredding vessel, and a transport means for continuous transport of the shredded pulp without compressing the pulp out of the pulp shredding vessel through the outlet pipe, so that the latter is kept filled with passing pulp, a conduit which is gas sealed from the surroundings and which connects the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel gas tightly to the reaction vessel, so that the interior of the outlet pipe directly communicates with the

reaction vessel through the interior of the conduit, and a pressure regulation device for maintaining a gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel which is higher than that of the reaction vessel.

[0019] According to a preferred embodiment of the system according to the present invention the transport means comprises a transport screw extending in the pulp shredding vessel, preferably also in the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel, and which is provided with at least one toothed thread for shredding the pulp.

[0020] Advantageously the pressure regulation device regulates the pressure difference between the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reactor vessel toward a predetermined value.

[0021] Preferably the pressure regulation device comprises a first fan with a controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in the pulp shredding vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a second fan with controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in the reactor vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a first pressure sensor for sensing the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel, a second pressure sensor for sensing a gas pressure in the reaction vessel, and a regulation unit which in response to the first and second pressure sensors, respectively, regulates the capacity of the first and second fans, respectively.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0022] The present invention may be more fully appreciated with reference to the following detailed description which, in turn, refers to the accompanying drawings, in which:

[0023] Figure 1 is a side, elevational, partially schematic representation of a system according to the present invention;

[0024] Figure 2 is a side, elevational, partially sectional view of a portion of the system shown in figure 1 taken along line II-II thereof; and

[0025] Figure 3 is a side, elevational, partially sectional view of a portion of the system shown in figure 1 taken along

line III-III thereof.
DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0026] The drawings show a system for treatment of pulp comprising a dewatering device 2, a pulp shredding device 4 and a reaction vessel 6 for bleaching of pulp through reaction with ozone gas. The dewatering device 2 comprises two pressure rolls 8, which are arranged to counter rotate in a housing 10, and an inlet 12 for pulp to be dewatered in the lower part of the housing 10. A motor 14 provides for the rotation of the pressure rolls 8. An elongated closed pulp shredding vessel 16 extends along the pressure rolls 8 above these. In the pulp shredding vessel 16 a transport screw 18 extends in parallel with the pressure rolls 8. Another motor 20 is adapted to rotate the transport screw 18. The pulp shredding vessel 16 has a lower elongated inlet for pulp to be dewatered by the pressure rolls 8 (see figure 2) and an outlet pipe 22, through which the transport screw 18 extends in part, for dewatered and shredded pulp.

[0027] The transport screw 18 has a core 24 with a constant diameter and a toothed transport thread 26 with a constant pitch and diameter. The portion of the transport thread 26 extending in the outlet pipe 22 may alternatively be non-toothed. The interior of the outlet pipe 22 also has a constant diameter which is somewhat larger than the diameter of the transport thread 26. Alternatively the transport screw 18 may have more than one transport thread 26.

[0028] A vertical gas-tight conduit 28 connects the outlet pipe 22 gas-tightly to an upper inlet 30 in the reaction vessel 6, so that the interior of the outlet pipe 22 directly communicates with the interior of the reaction vessel 6 through the interior of the conduit 28. The reaction vessel 6 has a lower outlet conduit 32 provided with a valve 34, for discharge of bleached pulp, and an upper outlet conduit 36 for evacuation of gas. There is also a device, not shown, for supplying ozone gas to the interior of the reaction vessel 6.

[0029] A regulation unit 38 is by means of signal lines connected to a pressure sensor 40 for sensing the gas pressure P1

in the pulp shredding vessel 16 and to a pressure sensor 42 for sensing the gas pressure P2 in the reaction vessel 6. The regulation unit 38 is by means of further signal lines also connected to a fan 44 with a controllable capacity located in an upper outlet conduit 46 from the pulp shredding vessel 16, and to another fan 48 likewise with a controllable capacity located in the upper outlet conduit 36 of the reaction vessel 6.

[0030] During operation a pulp suspension is pumped through the inlet 12 of the dewatering device 2 to the pressure rolls 8, which are counter rotated by the motor 14, the direction of rotation of the pressure rolls being indicated by arrows in figure 3, so that the pulp is pulled between the pressure rolls 8 while being dewatered up to the inlet of the pulp shredding vessel 16. When entering the inlet of the pulp shredding vessel 16 the dewatered pulp has a fiber concentration of 20-45%. In the pulp shredding vessel 16 the pulp is shredded by the toothed transport thread 26 of the transport screw 18, which is rotated by the motor 20. Depending on the desired result the toothing of the transport thread 26 may be shaped so that a relatively coarse or fine shredding of the pulp is obtained. In addition the transport screw 18 transports shredded pulp through the outlet pipe 22 without compressing the pulp. From the outlet pipe 22 the shredded pulp drops through the vertical conduit 28 to the reaction vessel 6, where the pulp is bleached through reaction with ozone gas. Finally the bleached pulp is discharged from the reactor vessel 6 through the lower outlet conduit 32.

[0031] The regulation unit 38 controls the capacity of the fans 44 and 48, for instance by speed control, in response to the pressure sensors 40 and 42, so that the gas pressure P1 in the pulp shredding vessel 16 is kept higher than the gas pressure P2 in the reaction vessel 6. At least the gas pressure P2 is kept by the regulation unit 38 below the surrounding atmospheric pressure. Suitably the regulation unit 38 keeps the gas pressure P1 in the range of 0-14 kPa (overpressure) and the gas pressure P2 in the range 1-15 kPa (overpressure) at the same time as the regulation unit 38 regulates the pressure difference between the

gas pressures P1 and P2 towards a predetermined value, which is chosen in the range of about 0.5 to 1.5 kPa.

[0032] By the fact that the shredded and fluffed pulp transported by the transport screw 18 through the outlet pipe 22 completely fills the latter at the same time as the gas pressure is decreased from the interior of the pulp shredding vessel to the interior reactor vessel, ozone gas is efficiently prevented from passing upstream in the system to the surroundings.

[0033] Although the invention herein has been described with reference to particular embodiments, it is to be understood that these embodiments are merely illustrative of the principles and applications of the present invention. It is therefore to be understood that numerous modifications may be made to the illustrative embodiments and that other arrangements may be devised without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention as defined by the appended claims.

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### ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

Methods and systems for the treatment of pulp are provided. The methods include dewatering pulp to a fiber concentration of at least 20%, shredding the dewatered pulp in a closed pulp shredding vessel, transporting the shredded pulp without compression continuously out of the pulp shredding vessel through an outlet pipe which is kept completely filled with passing pulp, directly transporting the shredded pulp to a reaction vessel through a gas-tight conduit gas sealed from the surroundings and communicating with the outlet pipe and the reaction vessel, bleaching the shredded pulp in the reaction vessel with ozone gas, and regulating the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and in the reaction vessel so that ozone gas is prevented from leaking upstream through the outlet pipe.

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### METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR CONVEYING SHREDDED PULP TO AN OZONE REACTOR

The present invention relates to a method of treatment of pulp, which in a dewatering step is dewatered to a fibre concentration of at least 20% and which in a later bleaching step is bleached in an reactor vessel through reaction with ozone gas. The invention also relates to a system for treatment of pulp, comprising a dewatering device for dewatering the pulp to a fibre concentration of at least 20%, and a reactor vessel for bleaching the dewatered pulp through reaction with ozone gas.

In traditional systems for ozone bleaching of pulp at a high pulp concentration the pulp has to undergo a process comprising a number of preparatory treatment steps before the pulp finally can be bleached with ozone gas in the reactor vessel. Thus, the pulp is dewatered in an initial dewatering step in the dewatering device, usually in the form of a twin roll press. The dewatered pulp is shredded in a subsequent pulp shredding step in a shredder. The dewatered and shredded pulp is then transported in a transporting step, usually by a plug screw, from the shredder to a fluffer, in which the pulp is fluffed in a fluffing step. Once the pulp has undergone these preparatory steps it can be bleached in the reactor vessel.

The function of said plug screw is to compress the shredded pulp to a plug forming a gas lock preventing ozone gas from leaking from the reaction vessel upstream in the system to the surroundings. The function of the fluffer is to fluff up the compressed pulp leaving the pulp screw, so that the pulp gets a large specific surface, which facilitates the reaction of the ozone gas with the lignin of the pulp. Thus, the pulp entering the reactor vessel has to be fluffed, in order to obtain a high ozone utilisation and a good bleaching selectivity.

WO 9605365A1 shows a known pulp treatment system

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comprising a pulp plug forming plugscrew for transportation of dewatered and shredded pulp to a fluffer, and a reaction vessel containing pulp bleaching gas.

Thus, the above described traditional pulp treatment system for bleaching pulp with ozone gas is relatively extensive and consequently expensive, which is a disadvantage. In addition, with several treatment steps in the process the entire system will be more sensitive to disturbances in each single part of the process. Therefore it would be of advantage if one or more treatment steps could be eliminated.

An object of the present invention is to provide a new method for treating pulp, which is bleached through reaction with ozone gas, which method is simpler and more reliable than traditional methods and results in an efficient ozone utilisation for the bleaching of the pulp.

This object is achieved by the method stated initially, which is characterised in that after the dewatering step and before the bleaching step the pulp is shredded in a closed pulp shredding vessel, the shredded pulp is transported without compression continuously out of the pulp shredding vessel through an outlet pipe therefrom, so that the outlet pipe is kept filled with passing pulp, from the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel the shredded pulp is directly transported to the reaction vessel through a conduit which is gas sealed from the surroundings, the interior of the conduit communicating with the interior of the outlet pipe and with the interior of the reactor vessel, and the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel is kept higher than the gas pressure in the reactor vessel.

It has been proved that the combination of the two measures - (1) to keep the outlet pipe filled with passing shredded non- compressed pulp, and - (2) to maintain the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel higher than that of the

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reactor vessel, is sufficient to prevent ozone gas from leaking upstream out to the surroundings. Hereby neither a plug screw nor a fluffer is needed, which makes the new method according to the invention particularly simple and reliable.

Advantageously the pressure difference between the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reactor vessel is regulated towards a predetermined value, wherein the gas pressures in the pulp shredding vessel and the reactor vessel are suitably kept under the surrounding atmospheric pressure.

Preferably, the shredded pulp is transported in the gastight conduit by the aid of gravity without need for any mechanical transportation means.

In the pulp shredding vessel the pulp is advantageously shredded by a transport screw with at least one toothed thread, wherein the transport screw also provides the transportation of the shredded pulp through the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel.

A further object of the present invention is to provide a new system for treating pulp, which is bleached through reaction with ozone gas, which system is simpler than the above described traditional systems and eliminates the above mentioned disadvantages and problems thereof.

This object is obtained by the system stated initially, which is characterised by a pulp shredding device for shredding the dewatered pulp, which pulp shredding device comprises a closed pulp shredding vessel, an outlet pipe from the pulp shredding vessel, and a transport means for continuous transport of the shredded pulp without compressing the pulp out of the pulp shredding vessel via the outlet pipe, so that the latter is kept filled with passing pulp, a conduit which is gas sealed from the surroundings and which connects the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel gas

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tightly to the reaction vessel, so that the interior of the outlet pipe directly communicates with the reaction vessel via the interior of the conduit, and a pressure regulation device for maintaining a gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel which is higher than that of the reaction vessel.

According to a preferred embodiment of the system according to the invention the transport means comprises a transport screw extending in the pulp shredding vessel, preferably also in the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel, and which is provided with at least one toothed thread for shredding the pulp.

Advantageously the pressure regulation device regulates the pressure difference between the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel and the gas pressure in the reactor vessel toward a predetermined value.

Preferably the pressure regulation device comprises a first fan with a controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in the pulp shredding vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a second fan with controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet in the reactor vessel for evacuation of gas therefrom, a first pressure sensor for sensing the gas pressure in the pulp shredding vessel, a second pressure sensor for sensing a gas pressure in the reaction vessel, and a regulation unit which in response to the first and second pressure sensors, respectively, regulates the capacity of the first and second fans, respectively.

The invention is described in more detail in the following with reference to the accompanying drawing, in which figure 1 schematically shows an example of the system according to the present invention, and figure 2 and 3, respectively, is a cross section along the line II-II and III-III, respectively, in figure 1.

The drawing shows a system for treatment of pulp comprising a dewatering device 2, a pulp shredding device 4

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and a reaction vessel 6 for bleaching of pulp through reaction with ozone gas. The dewatering device 2 comprises two pressure rolls 8, which are arranged to counter rotate in a housing 10, and an inlet 12 for pulp to be dewatered in the lower part of the housing 10. A motor 14 provides for the rotation of the pressure rolls 8. An elongated closed pulp shredding vessel 16 extends along the pressure rolls 8 above these. In the pulp shredding vessel 16 a transport screw 18 extends in parallel with the pressure rolls 8. Another motor 20 is adapted to rotate the transport screw 18. The pulp shredding vessel 16 has a lower elongated inlet for pulp to be dewatered by the pressure rolls 8, see figure 2 and an outlet pipe 22, through which the transport screw 18 extends in part, for dewatered and shredded pulp.

The transport screw 18 has a core 24 with a constant diameter and a toothed transport thread 26 with a constant pitch and diameter. The portion of the transport thread 26 extending in the outlet pipe 22 may alternatively be non-toothed. The interior of the outlet pipe 22 also has a constant diameter which is somewhat larger than the diameter of the transport thread 26. Alternatively the transport screw 18 may have more than one transport thread 26.

A vertical gas-tight conduit 28 connects the outlet pipe 22 gas-tightly to an upper inlet 30 in the reaction vessel 6, so that the interior of the outlet pipe 22 directly communicates with the interior of the reaction vessel 6 via the interior of the conduit 28. The reaction vessel 6 has a lower outlet conduit 32 provided with a valve 34, for discharge of bleached pulp, and an upper outlet conduit 36 for evacuation of gas. There is also a device, not shown, for supplying ozone gas to the interior of the reaction vessel 6.

A regulation unit 38 is by means of signal lines connected to a pressure sensor 40 for sensing the gas pressure P1 in the pulp shredding vessel 16 and to a pressure

sensor 42 for sensing the gas pressure P2 in the reaction vessel 6. The regulation unit 38 is by means of further signal lines also connected to a fan 44 with a controllable capacity located in an upper outlet conduit 46 from the pulp shredding vessel 16, and to another fan 48 likewise with a controllable capacity located in the upper outlet conduit 36 of the reaction vessel 6.

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During operation a pulp suspension is pumped through the inlet 12 of the dewatering device 2 to the pressure rolls 8, which are counter rotated by the motor 14, the direction of rotation of the pressure rolls being indicated by arrows in figure 3, so that the pulp is pulled between the pressure rolls 8 while being dewatered up to the inlet of the pulp shredding vessel 16. When entering the inlet of the pulp shredding vessel 16 the dewatered pulp has a fibre concentration of 20-45%. In the pulp shredding vessel 16 the pulp is shredded by the toothed transport thread 26 of the transport screw 18, which is rotated by the motor 20. Depending on the desired result the toothing of the transport thread 26 may be shaped so that a relatively coarse or fine shredding of the pulp is obtained. In addition the transport screw 18 transports shredded pulp through the outlet pipe 22 without compressing the pulp. From the outlet pipe 22 the shredded pulp drops through the vertical conduit 28 to the reaction vessel 6, where the pulp is bleached through reaction with ozone gas. Finally the bleached pulp is discharged from the reactor vessel 6 through the lower outlet conduit 32.

The regulation unit 38 controls the capacity of the fans 44 and 48, for instance by speed control, in response to the pressure sensors 40 and 42, so that the gas pressure P1 in the pulp shredding vessel 16 is kept higher than the gas pressure P2 in the reaction vessel 6. At least the gas pressure P2 is kept by the regulation unit 38 below the

surrounding atmospheric pressure. Suitably the regulation unit 38 keeps the gas pressure P1 in the range of 0-14 kPa (overpressure) and the gas pressure P2 in the range 1-15 kPa (overpressure) at the same time as the regulation unit 38 regulates the pressure difference between the gas pressures P1 and P2 towards a predetermined value, which is chosen in the range of 0,5-1,5 kPa.

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By the fact that the shredded and fluffed pulp transported by the transport screw 18 through the outlet pipe 22 completely fills the latter at the same time as the gas pressure is decreased from the interior of the pulp shredding vessel to the interior reactor vessel, ozone gas is efficiently prevented from passing upstream in the system to the surroundings.

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#### CLAIMS

- 1. A method of treating of pulp, which in a dewatering step is dewatered to a fibre concentration of at least 20% and which in a later bleaching step is bleached in a reaction vessel (6) through reaction with ozone gas, characterised in that
- after the dewatering step and before the bleaching step the pulp is shredded in a closed pulp shredding vessel (16),
- the shredded pulp is transported without compression continuously out of the pulp shredding vessel through an outlet pipe (22) therefrom, so that the outlet pipe is kept completely filled with passing pulp,
  - from the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel the shredded pulp is directly transported to the reactor vessel (6) through a gas-tight conduit (28) which is gas sealed from the surroundings, the interior of the conduit communicating with the interior of the outlet pipe and with the interior of the reaction vessel, and
  - the gas pressure (P1) in the pulp shredding vessel is kept higher than the gas pressure (P2) in the reaction vessel.
  - 2. A method according to claim 1, characterised in that the pressure difference between the gas pressure (P1) in the pulp shredding vessel (16) and the gas pressure (P2) in the reaction vessel (6) is regulated towards a predetermined value.
  - 3. A method according to claim 2, characterised in that the gas pressures (P1, P2) in the pulp shredding vessel (16) and the reaction vessel (6) are kept below the surrounding atmospheric pressure.

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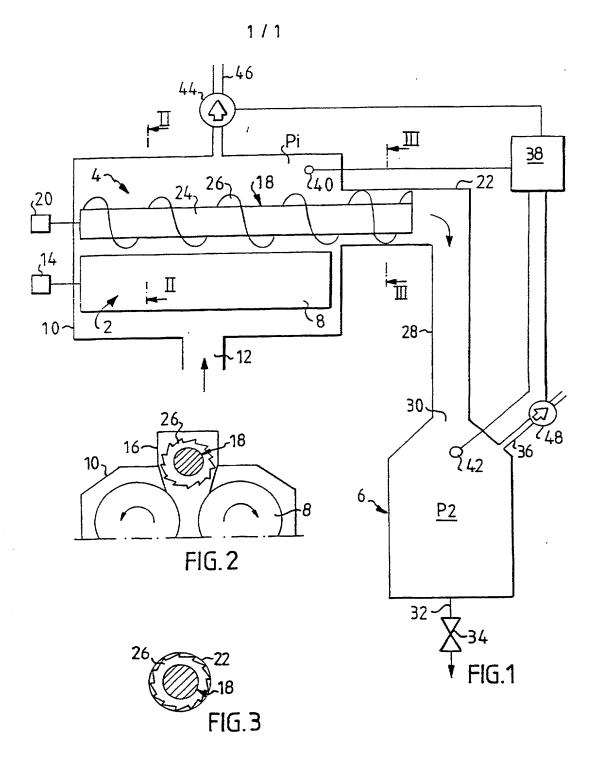
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- 5 S. A method according to any of claims 1-4, characterised in that in the pulp shredding vessel (16) the pulp is shredded by a transport screw (18) with at least one toothed transport thread (26), the transport screw also providing a transport of the shredded pulp through the outlet pipe (22) of the pulp shredding vessel.
  - 6. A system for treatment of pulp, comprising a dewatering device (2) for dewatering the pulp to a fibre concentration of at least 20%, and a reaction vessel (6) for bleaching the dewatered pulp through reaction with ozone gas, characterised by a pulp shredding device (4) for shredding the dewatered pulp, which pulp shredding device comprises a closed pulp shredding vessel (16), an outlet pipe (22) from the pulp shredding vessel, and a transport means (18) for continuous transport of the shredded pulp without compressing the pulp out of the pulp shredding vessel via the outlet pipe, so that the latter is kept filled with passing pulp, a conduit (28) which is gas sealed from the surroundings and connects the outlet pipe of the pulp shredding vessel gas-tightly to the reaction vessel, so that the interior of the outlet pipe directly communicates with the interior of the reaction vessel through the interior of the conduit, and a pressure regulation device (38, 40, 42, 44, 48) for maintaining a gas pressure (P1) in the pulp shredding vessel which is higher than the gas pressure (P2) in the reaction vessel.
  - 7. A system for treatment of pulp according to claim 6, characterised in that the transport means comprises a transport screw (18) extending in the pulp shredding vessel

- (16) and provided with at least one toothed transport thread
- (26) for shredding the pulp.
- 8. A system for treatment of pulp according to claim 7, characterised in that the transport screw (18) also extends in the outlet pipe (22) of the pulp shredding vessel (16).
- 9. A system for treatment of pulp according to any of claims 6-8, characterised in that the pressure regulation device (38, 40, 42, 44, 48) regulates the pressure difference between the gas pressure (P1) in the pulp shredding vessel (16) and the gas pressure (P2) in the reaction vessel (6) towards a predetermined value.
- 10. A system for treatment of pulp according to claim 9, 15 characterised in that the pressure regulation device (38, 40, 42, 44, 48) comprises a first fan (44) with controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet (46) in the pulp shredding vessel (16) for evacuation of gas therefrom, a second fan (48) with controllable capacity arranged in a gas outlet (36) 20 in the reaction vessel (6) for evacuation of gas therefrom, a first pressure sensor (40) for sensing the gas pressure (P1) in the pulp shredding vessel (16), a second pressure sensor (42) for sensing the gas pressure (P2) in the reaction vessel (6), and a regulation unit (38) which in response to the 25 first and second pressure sensors, respectively, regulates the capacity of the first and second fans, respectively.



# **DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION**

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ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NO.: B&LAB-009

As a below-named inventor, I hereb My residence, post office address and c I believe I am the original, first and sol listed below) of the subject matter whice FOR CONVEYING SHREDDED  is attached hereto Was filed on May 24, Number PCT/SE00/01052	tizenship are as stated below next to re inventor (if only one name is listed h is claimed and for which a patent is PULP TO AN OZONE REACTO  2000 as Un and was amended on	below) or an original, first and jo sought on the invention entitled: No Electric Market States Application Number of (if applicable)	the specification of which r PCT International Application e).		
I hereby state that I have reviewed and amendment specifically referred to above		e-identified specification, including	the claims, as amended by any		
I acknowledge the duty to disclose info	rmation which is material to patentabi	lity as defined in Title 37, Code of	Federal Regulations, § 1.56.		
I hereby claim foreign priority benefits certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT inter below and have also identified below a filing date before that of the application	national application which designated ny foreign application for patent or in	l at least one country other than the	United States of America, listed		
PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATIO	N(S)				
COUNTRY	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (month, day, year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED		
. SE	9902178-4	June 10, 1999	YES NO		
Start Start			YES NO NO		
			YES NO NO		
LISTING OF FOREIGN APPLICA	TIONS CONTINUED ON PAGE 3 H	EREOF YES X NO			
ā	on Number:	Filing Date:			
Applicati	on Number:	Filing Date:			
I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States of America, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:					
U.S. Parent Application Serial Number	:Parent Fili	ng Date:P	arent Patent No.:		
U.S. Parent Application Serial Number	:Parent Fili	ng Date:P	arent Patent No.:		
PCT Parent Number:	CT Parent Number: Parent Filing Date:				
LISTING OF US APPLICATIONS CONTINUED ON PAGE 3 HEREOF: YES NO					
POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following registered practitioner(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.					
Lawrence I. Lerner, Reg. No. 19.516; Sidney David, Reg. No. 22,768; Joseph S. Littenberg, Reg. No. 20,832, Arnold H. Krumholz, Reg. No. 25,428; William L. Mentlik, Reg. No. 27,108; John R. Nelson, Reg. No. 26,573, Rey H. Wepner, Reg. No. 28,550; Sfephen B. Goldman, Reg. No. 28,512; Paul H. Kochanski, Reg. No. 29,560; Marcus J. Millet, Reg. No. 28,241; Bruce H. Saless, Reg. No. 32,789; Annold B. Dompiern, Reg. No. 26,604; Michael H. Feschmer, Reg. No. 32,788; Annold B. Dompiern, Reg. No. 29,738; Michael H. Feschmer, Reg. No. 32,862; Gregory S. Gewirtz, Reg. No. 36,522; John P. Maldjian, Reg. No. 41,967; Kimberly V. Flugger, Reg. No. 43,612; Jason I. Garbell, Reg. No. 44,116; Renee M. Robeson, Reg. No. 41,777.					
SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO:		DIRECT TELEPHONE CALLS	S TO:		
LERNER, DAVID, LITTENBERG, (name and telephone number)  KRUMHOLZ & MENTLIK, LLP  ARNOLD H. KRUMHOLZ					
600 South Avenue West Westfield, New Jersey 07090	Г	ARNOLD H. KRUMHOLZ (908) 654-5000 Fax: (908) 65	4-7866		
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# **DECLARATION -- Page 2**

## ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. B&LAB-009

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of sole or fir	rst inventor (given name, family name): <u>Monica Bokström</u>	
Inventor's signature	M. polish	Date October 22, 2001
Residence:	Kovland, Sweden SEX	Citizenship: Swedish
Post Office Address:	Bjärme 3251, S-860 25 KOVLAND, Sweden	
Full name of second jo	int inventor, if any (given name, family name): Per Aström	
Second Inventor's sig	nature Milliani	Date October 22,201
Residence:	Kovland, Sweden	Citizenship:Swedish
Post Office Address:	Bjärme 3251, S-860 25 KOVLAND, Sweden	<u> </u>
Full name of third joint	t inventor, if any (given name, family name):	
Third Inventor's sign	ature	
Post Office Address:		Children .
14 mm	nt inventor, if any (given name, family name):	
· ven	nature	
Residence:		Citizenship:
Full name of fifth joint	inventor, if any (given name, family name):	
: \$10°	ture	
f	inventor if any (since your Const.)	
Sixth Inventor's signa	ture	Date
Full name of seventh jo	int inventor, if any (given name, family name):	
Seventh Inventor's sig	nature	Date
Residence:		Citizenship:
Post Office Address:		•
Full name of eighth join	nt inventor, if any (given name, family name):	
Eighth Inventor's sign		Date
Post Office Address:		